iqr.R

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```
# format is name = function(arguments passed to the code) {code}
iqr = function(x) {
# x is a vector that contains our data; we need to create a new
# vector sorted from smallest-to-largest value
 x_sorted = sort(x)
# we also need the vector's length
 x_{length} = length(x)
# how we find the median depends on whether the vector has an
# even or an odd number of elements; the modulus operator (%%)
# tests if division by 2 has a remainder of zero; if it does the
# vector has an even number of elements and the IF statement
# divides the sorted vector into its lower and its upper halves;
# if the vector has an odd number of elements, then the ELSE
# statement divide it into its lower and its upper halves
  if(x_{length} \% 2 == 0) {
  mid = x_length/2
  lower = x sorted[1:mid]
  upper = x_sorted[(mid + 1):x_length]
  } else {
  mid = (x_length/2) + 0.5
  lower = x_sorted[1:(mid - 1)]
  upper = x_sorted[(mid + 1):x_length]
# now we find the median for each half and calculate the iqr
 f.lower = median(lower)
 f.upper = median(upper)
  iqr = f.upper - f.lower
# the print() command returns the igr to the console, but we also
# create a list of values to return if the function is assigned
# to an object
  print(iqr)
  out = list("iqr" = iqr, "F_U" = f.upper, "F_L" = f.lower)
  invisible(out)
}
```